

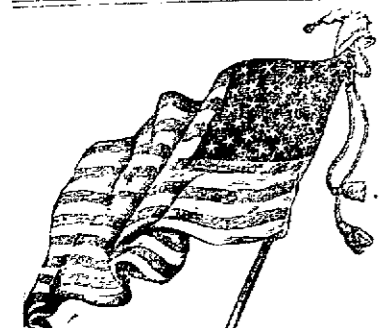
Daily Republican

B. K. HAMSHER | W. F. CALHOUN.
HAMSHER & CALHOUN, Prop'rs.
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

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TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1896.



NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For President, **WILLIAM M. KINLEY**, Ohio
For Vice-President, **GABRIEL A. HOBERT**, New Jersey

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

Governor, **John R. Tanner**
Lieutenant Governor, **W. A. Northcutt**
Secretary of State, **J. E. Rose**
Auditor, **J. R. McCullough**
Treasurer, **Henry L. Hertz**
Attorney General, **E. C. Alkon**
University Trustees—**F. M. McKay**, Chi-
cago, **T. J. Smith**, Champaign; **Mrs.**
Mary Turner Carriel, Jacksonville.

Clerks.

Clerk of the Northern Grand Division,
Supreme Court, **Chris Mamer**
Clerk of the Central Grand Division,
Supreme Court, **A. A. Caldwell**
Clerk of the Southern Grand Division,
Supreme Court, **R. E. Mabry**
Clerk of the Second Judicial District,
Appellate Court, **C. C. Duffy**
Clerk of the Third Judicial District,
Appellate Court, **W. C. Hibbard**
Clerk of the Fourth Judicial District,
Appellate Court, **M. Emerson**

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

17th District.
For Congress, **JAMES A. CONNOLLY**
For Member State of House of Representatives,
THOMAS N. LEAVITT
For Election, **AL N. SCHUYLER**

REPRESENTATIVES.

W. G. Cochran, Moultrie County
James E. Sharrock, Christian County

COUNTY TICKET.

For State At-Large, **Isaac R. Mills**
For Circuit Clerk, **David L. Foster**
For Coroner, **Jesse E. Bendure**
For Surveyor, **George V. Loring**

WANTED—Work by millions of un-

employed Americans, thrown out
of employment by millions of work-
men in other countries, whose pro-
duct comes here under the Wilson
bill, and who buy what they eat from
farmers from their own countries,
and what they wear and use in fur-
nishing their homes from foreign
merchants. These American work-
men are out of work, and many of
them out of money, too. With the
McKinley times of 1892 back again,
employment is guaranteed. But they
want work now, and want it badly.
Payment in any money of the United
States government today, silver,
paper, or gold, 100 cents to every dol-
lar, will be entirely satisfactory.
AMERICA FOR AMERICANS.

Bryan's Blather.

The humbug feature of the free silver
campaign is becoming more apparent as
the campaign progresses and no one is ex-
posing its fallacies more than the candi-
date Bryan himself. He started out by
claiming that gold had appreciated one
hundred per cent and that those in debt
would be required, unless the standard
was changed, to pay two dollars for every
one they borrowed. This of course was
not true for the reason that scarcely any
obligation of that kind is over five years
old, and nearly all of them are much un-
der that date and of course could not have
appreciated 100 per cent as in the same
breath Bryan claimed that the act of
dropping the silver dollar from coinage
was the beginning of the appreciation of
gold which he claims amounts to 100 per
cent now. This statement was made to
deceive debtors and was in the nature of a
temptation to men to vote for a 50-cent
dollar in order to pay their obligations in
dollars worth only half as much as the
dollars they borrowed. It was a direct
attempt to deprive the honor of other-
wise honorable citizens in the west and
the same infamy is being taught by his
henchmen led by Altgeld in the west and
Tilman in the south. But Mr. Bryan
in his speeches in the east is teaching a
theory quite the contrary of this. He
tells the people in that part of the coun-
try that the free coinage of silver will re-
sult in appreciating silver to an extent
that will at once bring it to a parity with
gold. This would knock the dream of the
dishonest debtor to pieces if it were true.
Mr. Bryan says if the government would
contract to take all the wheat at \$1.29 a
bushel, wheat would never be worth less
than \$1.29 a bushel and the same would
be true as to silver. In the first place the
government could not tax the people to
the extent necessary to pay \$1.29 a bushel
for the world's wheat. The people are
the government and would not tax them-
selves for any such purpose. So Mr. Bry-
an's simile fails. But worse than that
the substance fails, also, for the same rea-

son. The people will not tax themselves
to make the price of silver \$1.29 an ounce
which it must be to be at a parity with
gold. Silver is only worth about 95 cents
an ounce. The people will not make up
the difference of 44 cents for the benefit
of the bullion owners of the world. Then
again Mr. Bryan is a dissembler when he
assumes that free coinage of silver will
open a market for silver at all. The
Blind-Allyson act and the silver purchase
act of 1890 commonly called the Sherman
act did open a market for silver. The
government in both cases went into the
market and bought silver just as it goes
into the market to buy paper or garden
seeds. Free coinage opens no market for
silver. It simply provides that the owners
of silver bullion may deposit bullion at
the mint and have it coined into dol-
lars for his own benefit; not the govern-
ment's benefit; not the people's benefit.
He owns the bullion when he takes it to
the mint and he owns the dollars coined
from it. The act of minting adds nothing
to its intrinsic or nominal value. The
government is in no sense responsible for
its intrinsic value or its purchasing power.
It assumes no obligation by coining it
for the benefit of the bullion owner and
when coined it will be worth no more as
money than as bullion. It will have no
redeemer. No one to stand behind it to
insure its purchasing power. Its free coin-
age will swindle the American holder of
every kind of money except gold out of
one half the purchasing value of the
money they hold and even the fellow who
has reputation of honest debts in his
heart will be fooled in his effort to get
his 50 cent dollars to pay his debts with.

William J. Bryan yesterday addressed
the shoemakers of Lynn, Mass., and
among other things he told them the Re-
publicans were trying to array the wage
earners against the farmer, which of
course nobody believes as the policy of the
Republican party is and always has been
to promote the employment of labor at
good wages and make customers for the
American farmer while the policy of Mr.
Bryan has been and is now to buy boots
and shoes abroad made by cheap labor
and thus destroy the farmers' customers.
But Mr. Bryan in face of his record in
congress which ended by totting Wilson
on his shoulders around the hall of the
house of representatives to celebrate the
passage of the bill which broke the neck
of American labor and started the mills
of England, France and Germany, told
the shoemakers of Lynn that his party
was engaged in raising the price of the
American farmers' product by cutting the
measure of value in two and that this
would enable them to buy shoes. Had he
been honest he would have added if the
Lynn people could sell them as cheap as
they could be bought in England, and he
should have added also that perhaps in
that event the American farmer would
not regain the home customers he lost by
the Wilson low tariff bill.

How's This?
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward
for any case of Catarrh that cannot be
cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CENEY & CO., Props. Toledo, O.
We the undersigned, have known F. J.
CENEY for the last 15 years and believe
him perfectly honorable in all business
transactions and financially able to carry
out any obligations made by their firm.
WILLIAM A. TRULAX, Wholesale Druggists,
Toledo, Ohio.
WALDING KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale
Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken inter-
nally, acting directly upon the blood and
mucous surfaces of the system. Price
75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.
Testimonials free.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The heirs of the late Abram Parker, of
DeWitt county, have been notified that
they are alleged heirs to an estate of 400
acres of land in Philadelphia.

When we consider that the intestates
are about five times as long as the body,
we can readily realize the intense suffer-
ing experienced when they become in-
flamed. DeWitt's Colic and Cholera
Cure subdues inflammation at once and
completely removes the difficulty. A.
J. Stoner & Son and Armstrong Bros.

The young son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward
Morgan, of Crane creek township, Mason
county, was killed by a horse and died
from his injuries.

It would be hard to convince a man
suffering from bilious colic that his
agony is due to a microscopic and un-
pronounceable name. But one dose of
DeWitt's Colic and Cholera Cure will
convince him of its power to afford in-
stant relief. It kills pain. A. J. Stoner
& Son and Armstrong Bros.

Cattle around Ottawa are afflicted with
a disease which causes total blindness.
It is thought to have been brought from
Chicago.

We are anxious to do a little good in
this world and can think of no pleas-
anter or better way to do it than by re-
commending One Minute Cough Cure as
preventive of pneumonia, consumption
and other serious lung troubles that fol-
low neglected colds. A. J. Stoner & Son
and Armstrong Bros.

The work of lowering the sidewalks
around the public square at Pontiac to a
level with the pavement has begun.

Small in size, but great in results.
DeWitt's Little Early Risers act gently
but thoroughly, curing indigestion, dys-
pepsia and constipation. Small pill, safe
pill, best pill. A. J. Stoner & Son and
Armstrong Bros.

George Connely, near Hopedale, has a
pet monkey and a dog which he is teach-
ing to draw a little wagon, as a team.

Dangerous Drinking Water.
Death lurks in impure water. It
breeds diseases, often in epidemic form.
The first symptom? looseness of the
bowels. These diseases are checked by
taking Foley's Colic and Diarrhea Cure.
Neisler Drug & Supply Co. and N. L.
Krone.

SOME PLAIN FACTS.

Extravagance of the Adminis-
tration of Gov. Altgeld.

Appropriations for the State Institutions
Under Republican and Democratic
Management—The Latter Costs
Twice as Much as the Former.

Ex-State Senator George Torrance, of
Pontiac, writes of republican and demo-
cratic administrations in Illinois, and
shows conclusively that the manage-
ment of the state institutions under
Gov. Altgeld has been extravagant and
wasteful.

The last democratic state adminis-
tration preceding that of the present
one ended with the election of Gov.
Yates in 1860. Upon the retirement
of Gov. Matteson in January, 1861, it
was found that frauds had been per-
petrated during his administration by
which the state had lost to the extent
of \$420,346. Of this sum there was re-
covered by the state from the property
of Gov. Matteson the sum of \$236,000.
The balance, \$184,346, was a total loss.
From that time to the retirement of
Gov. Fifer in 1892, a continuous rule
of 32 years by republican governors,
every dollar of the state funds collected
from the people was honestly and
economically accounted for, scandals
and defalcations were unknown. What-
ever differences of opinion may have ex-
isted as to policies or management of
the penal, reformatory, charitable and
educational institutions of this state,
or the state offices, their financial man-
agement was honest, and their treat-
ment of the unfortunate just and hu-
mane. The biennial reports of these
institutions to the legislature, when
compared with other states, showed
that Illinois not only did not stand sec-
ond to any state in the union in caring
for her unfortunate and educating her
youth, but taking them as a whole, was
not surpassed by any in the small ex-
pense incurred in doing so.

With the administration of John P.
Altgeld there has been a change. One
of his first acts was to supplant Rev.
Fred H. Wines, the then acting secre-
tary of the state board of charities,
under whose supervision our charitable
institutions had reached the high plane
they had attained, and put in his place
a political henchman. Wines was ac-
knowledgeed authority upon the care
and management of charitable institu-
tions the world over; his advice sought
in European as in all American states.

Dr. Richard Dewey, a worldwide re-
knowledgeed authority upon the treat-
ment of the insane, was removed from
charge of the Kankakee asylum to make
place for a superintendent who subse-
quently had to be removed for drunk-
ness and cruelty to his helpless wards.
Dr. Fish, who never had a superior in
this country for a like position, was re-
moved from the superintendency of the
feeble minded institute at Lincoln to
make place for "a friend" who needed
a place. Space forbids further men-
tion. The only place escaping the polit-
ical clutches of Altgeld is the reformatory
at Pontiac, and the law governing that,
to a great extent, placed it beyond his
control. The result of all these
changes, and Altgeld's intermeddling
with these institutions, was recklessly
increasing expenses, which have al-
ready cost the people more than ten
times as much as the frauds under Mat-
teson!

That your readers may judge for
themselves, I give the same appropri-
ation for the "ordinary expenses" of the
charitable institutions named for the
years 1891-92, 1893-94, 1895-96, for com-
parison. To those who do not under-
stand the manner of making appropri-
ations, I will state the appropriation for
"ordinary expenses" includes only the
running expenses proper—the main-
tenance of the inmates and pay of
employees—and do not include the ex-
tra expenses, such as erecting build-
ings, purchasing land, repairs and im-
provements, library, machinery, pur-
chase of personal property, or the
many other contingent expenses, oc-
curring from time to time, as appor-
tunities are made for these separately.
Specifying the use to which the money
is to be applied, as a "contingent fund."
In other words, by "ordinary expenses"
in 1891-92, the legislature meant pre-
cisely the same kind of expenses as by
"ordinary expenses" in 1893-94 and 1895-
96. The years 1891-92 are the last two
years of the republican administration
under Fifer, the years 1893-94 and 1895-
96 are under Altgeld's rule:

	1891-92	1893-94	1895-96
Fort hosp., insc	\$291,000	\$250,000	\$300,000
South hosp., insc	177,000	250,000	250,000
North hosp., insc	177,000	250,000	250,000
East hosp., insc	477,000	500,000	610,000
Deaf & dumb asy	125,000	200,000	200,000
Blind asy	50,000	50,000	50,000
Feeble mind asy	152,000	170,000	160,000
Sold. & Scl. home	200,000	250,000	250,000
Sold. Civil home	100,000	100,000	150,000
Eye & ear inst	20,000	60,000	50,000
Totals	\$1,912,000	\$1,370,000	\$2,410,000

It will thus be seen that the appro-
priations for "ordinary expenses" of the
above institutions are \$793,000 greater
for the last two years of Altgeld than
the last two years of Fifer, an increase
of about 30 per cent!

The principal article of food pro-
vided for the inmates are flour, beef,
potatoes, sugar, molasses and coffee.
Milk and butter are used, but most of it
is secured from the farms connected
with the institutions. Flour is 33 per
cent cheaper in 1895-96 than it was in
1891-92, beef 10 per cent cheaper; sugar,
23 per cent cheaper; molasses, 100 per
cent cheaper; coffee, 15 per cent cheap-
er, and potatoes, 50 per cent cheaper.
These percentages are made from the
prices given in the United States stat-
istical abstract prepared by the sec-
retary of the treasury, John G. Carlisle,
and submitted to congress December
3, 1895, and are, therefore, official. The
average cost of food furnished the in-
mates is more than 30 per cent less now
than in 1891-92, which added to the in-
creased appropriations shows that about
50 per cent more is now required for
the "ordinary expenses" of these in-
stitutions than under republican rule!
And this is the boasted economy of John
P. Altgeld! Of course, some of the in-

creased expenses might be accounted
for by increase in inmates but not much
of it. It is simply extravagance; waste-
ful robbery! In the conduct of the state
offices we find the same extravagance
exists. I give the appropriations for the
expenses of the principal state offices
for the same years as above:

	1891-92	1893-94	1895-96
Secretary of state	\$78,000	\$80,000	\$95,280
Adjutant general	13,000	14,000	17,000
Treasurer & War	21,000	25,000	31,000
Commissioner	21,000	25,000	31,000
Bureau of labor sta-	17,000	17,000	21,000
Public printing and	50,000	50,000	60,000
binding	50,000	50,000	60,000
Attorney-general's of-	13,200	17,800	24,800
fice			
Totals	\$190,500	\$227,000	\$289,680

We thus see an increase in the ex-
penses of the office of secretary of state
of about 25 per cent! Of adjutant gen-
eral, about 30 per cent! Of railroad and
warehouse commission, about 20 per
cent! Of bureau of labor statistics,
about 25 per cent! Of public printing
and binding, about 30 per cent! Of at-
torney-general, about 275 per cent! And
the total increase between the last two
years of republican rule and the pres-
ent two years of Altgeld's rule, is about
30 per cent, in administering these state
offices! The above figures do not in-
clude any expenses, such as heat, fuel,
light, paper, library, express, postage
and others, for all of which additional
appropriations are made. I have not in-
cluded the auditor's or state treasurer's
office, because they are now conducted
under an entirely different system than
when the republicans surrendered power,
the fee and interest system hav-
ing been abolished and fixed salaries
taken their places. For that reason I
have not at hand at present any data
from which I can make a comparison.
These figures are taken from the official
copy of appropriation bills certified to
by the secretary of state.

The tax levied for "general state pur-
poses" under Fifer's administration was
\$1,500,000 per year for each of the four
years. Under the first two years of
Altgeld the levy for "general state pur-
poses" was the same, but so extravagant
was his administration these two years
that the legislature convening in Janu-
ary, 1895, found not only all the money
levied expended, but the state short
about \$1,500,000, because the appropri-
ations by the democratic legislature of
1893, for which Altgeld had incurred li-
ability, were that much more than the
tax levied by the same legislature to
pay them with. To save the credit of
the state the tax levy for "general state
purposes" was necessarily increased
from \$1,500,000 to \$2,500,000 per annum
for 1895-96, an increase of about 75 per
cent! In addition, when Altgeld came
into power there were \$3,000,000 in the
state treasury, and now there is none,
but the state is borrowing to pay its
debts! The last republican state gov-
ernment kept our credit good, and the
unfortunate of our state were well pro-
vided for, with levies for the four years
for "general state purposes" amounting
to \$6,000,000 and left \$3,000,000 in the
treasury for Altgeld; not all of which,
however, was saved under Fifer's ad-
ministration, as this surplus had been
accumulating for years. Under Alt-
geld levies for "general state purposes"
amounting to \$5,000,000 have been made
for the four years, and in addition he
has used the \$3,000,000 surplus found
in the treasury, and the state is now a
bankrupt! It is estimated he will leave
the state in debt \$3,000,000 at the ex-
piration of his term. Whether or not
that is a correct estimate I cannot say,
but if only \$1,000,000—and it will exceed
that—it will make four years of Alt-
geld cost the people twice as much as
the four years of his republican prede-
cessor!

And this is but a small part of the
reckless financial record of the governor
asking a reelection! And this is the
man for whom his followers ask the
people to vote, conceding him wrong
in almost all else he has done, but claim-
ing for him superior honesty and econ-
omy!

Great Republican Rally.
The Charleston Plaindealer tells the
whole story of a great rally in this para-
graph:

"The republicans of Paris and Ill-
gator counties had a monster mass meet-
ing Tuesday, notwithstanding that the
elements were against it. In a parade
that preceded it the feature was 300
mounted horsemen. The Terre Haute
McKinley club was also in line. Wil-
liam E. Mason spoke at Saddle's park
in the afternoon. He began with a
flattering reference to the Maine elec-
tion and predicted an equally decisive
victory in Illinois, congratulating the
people that their fellow townsman, C.
P. Hitch, was directing the campaign
in this state. Ex-Senator Warner Mil-
ler, of New York, spoke at night. He
said he had come all the way to Illi-
nois to tell the people that the east is
safe, and he thought he would be able
to carry back home the same message
from the west."

Sustains Mr. Forman's Charges.
Some of Gov. Altgeld's friends,
among them Mr. James W. Patton, an
attorney of Springfield, Ill., having de-
nied Mr. Forman's charges that Alt-
geld asked for a loan out of the funds
of the state institution for the feeble-
minded at Lincoln, the following from
Dr. Miller, former superintendent of
that institution, in regard to the matter
explains itself:

"I would state that Mr. Forman's
charges against Gov. Altgeld, so far as
it relates to Judge Foley, the treas-
urer of the feeble-minded institution,
and myself, is correct."

Senator Tillman bombastically says:
"I am a democrat after the measure of
Jefferson and Jackson." Which sug-
gests that if more care were taken in
applying the tape measure to those
much-handled models there would be
fewer misfits in the stock of American
statesmanship.

Great Challenge Sale
Savings Bank Store
ONE WEEK MORE, From Monday, Sept. 28.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

1600 yds. Plaids, part wool just the
thing for children's dresses, Chal-
lenge Sale, 6c
1800 yds 30 in. wide, plaid, half wool,
competitors price 25c, Challenge
Sale, 12 1/2c
1500 yards 36-in. wide Fancy Dress
goods, elegant patterns. Challenge
Sale, 9c
2400 yards double width figured
Dress Goods, latest style, Chal-
lenge Sale, 15c
2400 yards Henrietta Cashmere, all
colors, 46 in. wide, Challenge Sale,
19c
1500 yards double width Plaid,
Challenge Sale, 9c
1500 yards Fancy Plaid, very latest
styles, Challenge Sale, 4c
1800 yards Fancy Dress Goods, silk
mixture, price 75c and \$1.00,
Challenge Sale, 33c

LINEN DEPARTMENT.

1200 yards Turkey Red Tablecloth,
price 30c, Challenge Sale, 25c
1200 yards bleached Tablecloth, ele-
gant patterns, 60 inches wide,
Challenge Sale, 28c
2000 yards Unbleached Linen Crash,
Challenge Sale, 31c
25 dozen Turkish Towels, full size,
30 in. long, per pair, Challenge
Sale, 9c
5 dozen White Bedspreads, full size,
Challenge Sale, 67c

CLOTH DEPARTMENT.

1200 yards Kentucky Jeans, all col-
ors, Challenge Sale, 9c
2000 yards Fancy Cottonade, price
30c a yard, Challenge Sale, 15c
1500 yards Fancy Cottonade, better
quality, Challenge Sale, 18c
1200 yards all wool Pants Cloth,
price 50 and 65c a yard, Chal-
lenge Sale, 35c
900 yards Black Cloth for Capes and
Jackets, price \$1.25 and \$1.50,
Challenge Sale, 75c

NOTION DEPARTMENT.

50 dozen Ladies' all wool Hose,
double heel and double toe, Chal-
lenge Sale, 17c
50 dozen Misses' all wool Hose,
double heel and double toe, Chal-
lenge Sale, 16c

Thousands of bargains to be mentioned which cannot be written in the pa-
per will be sold as above. Remember that this is the only store where you can
SAVE MONEY.

OUR MOTTO: "Quick Sales and Small Profits."

Money refunded if goods are not satisfactory.

Yours Respectfully,

SAVINGS BANK STORE,
Corner North Park and Water Streets, Decatur, Ill.
P. S. NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY.
N. B.—Hereafter the store will be open till 8 o'clock each evening.



DR. E. WALSH,
Late of Chicago, formerly President of
St. Anthony's Hospital.

READ OUR TIME TABLE:

Catarrh	1 to 2 months	Nervous Debility	1 to 3 months
Dyspepsia	1 to 1 month	Chloric Disease	1 to 3 months
Rheumatism	1 to 3 months	Varicose	1 to 3 months
Serofula	1 to 3 months	Hydrocele	1 to 3 months
Blood Diseases	1 to 3 months	Scapula	1 to 3 months
Urinary Disease	1 to 3 months	Consumption	1 to 3 months

Surgical and Complicated Diseases in Proportion. Remember, we not only
cure, but guarantee a permanent cure within our time limit.

Don't Procrastinate Your Health Away.

Come to-day. To-morrow you may not have the opportunity. It is actually common for a
man to have to refuse a case in the last stage, and tell the patient they waited too long, that their
has passed beyond our skill. There is not a chronic disease that human flesh is heir to that
cannot permanently eradicate from the system if they consult us in time, but there is a stage
every disease when it becomes incurable. Have you reached that stage? If not, do not ex-
periment any longer, but consult us at once.

Consult the Best First. It pays. Our Testimonials and
Credentials are the Best.

ONLY CURABLE CASES TAKEN.

OFFICE: 226 North Main Street, Passfield Block. Office Days Monday

Tuesdays and Wednesdays of every week; 9 to 12, 2 to 5, 7 to 9.



J. B. Bullard,
FUNERAL
DIRECTOR.
SYNDICATE BLOCK, NORTH MAIN ST.
Where everything pertaining to the funeral business is furnished and attended to in the latest
style of art. Call or write and receive prompt attention. In connection a reception hall
Residence 226 West Main Street. Residence Telephone 128. Office, 1m.

10 dozen Hair Brushes, price 15c

and 20c, Challenge Sale
10 doz. Ladies' and Misses' Tanned
Shuntor, all colors, nicely trimmed,
Challenge Sale, 15c

BLANKET AND QUILT DEPT.

72 pairs all wool white Blankets,
10-4, per pair, Challenge Sale, \$2.50
72 pairs Grey Blankets, 10-4, Chal-
lenge Sale, \$1.75
100 pairs Grey Blankets, full size,
Challenge Sale, 9c
10 dozen full size Quilts, elegant
patterns, Challenge Sale, 25c

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

250 pairs men's black cotton worsted
Pants, just as good as you pay
\$1.50 for, Challenge Sale, 75c
150 pairs men's black worsted Pants,
fancy styles, good enough for Sun-
day, price \$2, Challenge Sale, \$1.40
250 pairs men's Heavy Pants, Chal-
lenge Sale, \$1.25
175 pairs men's fine cashmere all
wool Pants, fancy stripes, price \$1
and \$1.50, Challenge Sale, \$1.40
200 pairs Pants, custom made goods,
price \$5 and \$6, for the Challenge
Sale, \$3.00

BOYS' CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

500 pairs Children's Overalls, price
25c, Challenge Sale, 17c
75c Boys' Suits, price \$2.50, Chal-
lenge Sale, \$1.75
100 Boys' Suits, fancy patterns, price
\$3 and \$3.50, Challenge Sale, \$2.40
85 Boys' Suits, strictly all wool in
bright colors, would be cheap at
\$1, Challenge Sale, \$1.25

Challenge Sale

Bank Store

Monday, Sept. 28.

10 dozen Hair Brushes, price 15c and 20c, Challenge Sale. 15c
10 doz. Ladies' and Misses' Tan O. Shanters, all colors, nicely trimmed, Challenge Sale. 15c
BLANKET AND QUILT DEPT.
72 pairs all wool white Blankets, 10 1/2, per pair, Challenge Sale. 22 50
72 pairs Grey Blankets, 10 1/2, Challenge Sale. 22 50
100 pairs Grey Blankets, full size, Challenge Sale. 31c
10 dozen full size Quilts, elegant patterns, Challenge Sale. 39c
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.
250 pairs men's black cotton worsted Pants, just as good as you pay \$1.50 for, Challenge Sale. 75c
150 pairs men's black worsted Pants, fancy styles, good enough for Sunday, price \$2, Challenge Sale. \$1 35
250 pairs men's Heavy Pants, Challenge Sale. \$1 25
175 pairs men's fine cassimere all wool Pants, fancy stripes, price \$3 and \$3.50, Challenge Sale. \$1 45
200 pairs Pants, custom made goods, price \$5 and \$6, for this Challenge Sale. \$3 00
BOYS' CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.
500 pairs Children's Overalls, price 25c, Challenge Sale. 15c
75c Boys' Suits, price \$2.50, Challenge Sale. \$1 05
100 Boys' Suits, fancy patterns, price \$3 and \$3.50, Challenge Sale. \$2 30
85 Boys' Suits, strictly all wool, in bright colors, would be cheap at \$4, Challenge Sale. \$2 45
GENTS' FURNISHINGS DEPT.
50 dozen Shirts and Drawers, just as good as you pay \$1.50 for, Challenge Sale. 49c
75 dozen Shirts and Drawers, fine Merino, would be cheap at \$1, Challenge Sale. 24c
75 dozen men's fine Fedora Hats, in all colors, price \$1.25 and \$1.50, Challenge Sale. 14c
50 dozen men's Fedora Hats in better grade, price \$2, Challenge Sale 35c
25 dozen men's Night Gowns, fancy fronts, would be cheap at 75c, Challenge Sale. 48c
30 dozen men's Ties, sold at 50c, Challenge Sale. 21c

all Profits."

refunded if goods are not satisfactory.

BANK STORE,

Water Streets, Decatur, Ill.

ARRIVING DAILY.

in till 10 o'clock each evening.

20th CENTURY

...MEDICAL INSTITUTE...

A Little in Advance, But It Pays.

TAKE THE DR. WALSH ROUTE TO HEALTH.

Shortest, Surest, Safest.

...CONSULTATION FREE...

TIME TABLE:

Nervous Debility 1 to 4 months
Chronic Disease 1 to 6 months
Varicose 7 to 10 days
Hysteria 3 days
Rheumatism 11 days
Consumption 2 to 12 months

In Proportion. Remember, we not only cure within our time limit.

Your Health Away.

the opportunity. It is a daily occurrence for us the patient they waited too long; that their case disease that human flesh is heir to that we they consult us in time, but there is a stage in you reached that stage? If not, do not expect

pays. Our Testimonials and are the Best.

CASES TAKEN.

asfield Block. OFFICE DAYS: Mondays, every week; 9 to 12, 2 to 5, 7 to 8.

YOU TRIED

MOAM and

GE

UR?

Trial Order.

No Superior.

MILLING CO.

AL

CTOR.

, NORTH MAIN ST.

ness is furnished and attended to in the highest

apt attention. Connection, a receiving vault

Telephone 122. Office, 122.

Men's New Stylish Suits

For Fall and Winter,
In All the Newest Effects.

In Brown Cheviot Plaids.
In Worsted Cheviots in Brown and black.
In Worsted Cheviots, grey effects.
CUT AND MAKE PERFECT,

At \$12.00 and \$15.00.

MEN'S CHEAP CASSIMERE AND CHEVIOT SUITS,
At \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.50 and \$10.

Nothing like them ever was sold—
The kind we show at these prices.

MEN'S PANTALOONS,
At \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00.
GOOD VALUES.

BOYS' DEPARTMENT.

Full of Good Suits and Pants, for Boys 3 years and upwards. Better goods for the money than ever.

NEW FALL HATS,
In Derby and Soft Styles.
AGENTS FOR THE KNOX HATS.

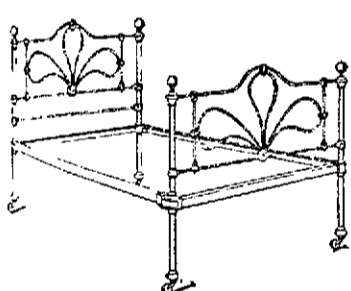
Ottenheimer & Co.

The Progressive Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers.

Telephone 182.

MASONIC TEMPLE

September Sale!



The bargains offered at our September sales in the past is a guarantee to our many customers that when we advertise bargains we give them. And we will offer at this sale better goods for less money than ever before offered.

\$27 Bed Room Suits, \$22
\$25 " " " \$20
\$22 " " " \$18
\$18 " " " \$15

See our Genuine Leather Cobbler Seat Rocker, \$1.75.
This is your chance to save money. Our stock never was more complete nor prices near so low.

"The Big Store,"

Bachman Bros. & Martin Co.

ONE BLOCK EAST OF MILLIKIN BANK.

ON
THESE CRISP
AND SNAPPY MORNIN'S,

and these cool an' shiv'ry eves, when you hear the ruslin' music of the falling of the leaves; and you feel a tech of ager kinder creepin' through your bones, and the wind sorter sings in warning tones; then you want to make a note just to drop into Maienthal's for a new Fall Overcoat.

A Genteel Tan Color Short Coat for

\$10 and \$12

is one of the many proper things. Plain, smooth surface, and lined with elegant serge; as good a garment as we used to sell for \$15 and \$16. That's how much cheaper clothing is this season. See them in our show window.

I. MAIENTHAL & SONS'
...New Clothing Store...
222 NORTH MAIN.
Between Prairie and William.

HAVE YOU TRIED

CHASE & SANBORN'S

COFFEES?

Only Sold at

"The Economy,"

221 North Water Street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Circuit court is in session.
The Knights of Pythias will be at home tonight at their lodge rooms.

Writing tablets from 1 to 25 cents at Armstrong Bros.—2d-4f

Smoke the famous Leds, a fine 10 cent, made by John Weigand. Mch 25 tf.

Dr. H. P. Bachman, dentist rooms 7, 8 and 9, in Temple block. 5 dtf

The Grand Opera House cigars made by Johnny Weigand are the best in town. mch 25-dtf

Little Diana cigar; business men's ideal smoke; 5 for 10 cents; 100 for \$1.00. L. Chodot's News House.—14-dtf

Just before going to bed eat a Cascarot candy cathartic. Makes you feel fine in the morning.

Mama eats a Cascarot, baby gets the benefit. Cascarots make mother's milk mildly purgative.

What's the matter with you? Constipated? Cascarots will cure. Eat them like candy.

Rubber tires for surreys and buggies. George S. Durfee & Bro., 168 South Water street.—11-dtf

Go to St. Louis on the Wabash, \$1.50 excursion next Saturday and Sunday, Oct. 3 and 4.—28-dtfw

Damrow Brothers sell the famous Val Blatz Milwaukee bottled beer. Try a case. Please telephone 654.

The big wooden elephant which was built some years ago for use as a hotel at Coney Island, burned to the ground Sunday night.

Another \$1.50 excursion to St. Louis via Wabash Saturday and Sunday, Oct. 3 and 4. For particulars inquire at city or depot ticket office.—28-dtfw

Account of Bryan's speech and King Hoku parade the Wabash make a \$1.50 rate to St. Louis Saturday and Sunday, Oct. 3 and 4.—28-dtfw

Select a Reed & Son's piano and you will have a splendid instrument. It is on sale at the C. B. Prescott music house. Low prices.

Prescriptions and medicines delivered to any part of the city. Armstrong Bros., druggists, corner North Main and William street. Telephone 452.—27d-tf

\$1.50 to St. Louis via Wabash. Trains leave Saturday at 6:55 a. m., 3:50 p. m., 8:03 p. m.; Sunday, 3 a. m. and 6:55 a. m. Tickets good returning till Sunday night.

In the county court Thomas A. Pritchett was appointed guardian of his three grandchildren, Clara Belle, Maurice Leslie and Charles S. Richardson, children of C. B. Richardson. They have about \$1500 worth of property.

Members of St. Patrick's Catholic church are arranging to have a fair and festival between the 20th and 25th of October. A committee of ladies was out in the city yesterday looking for a suitable place in which to hold it.

On Saturday, Oct. 3, at 3 o'clock p. m., I will sell the fine surrey, horse, and harness and all the household goods belonging to the estate of Mary E. McClellan. Sale will be in the stone front middle store room on Franklin street east of the city park. W. P. Shade, administrator.—28 ddt

MARYLAND STREET

Was the Principal Matter Discussed by the Aldermen at the Council Meeting.

THE ORDINANCE IS REPEALED

And the Contractors are Relieved—
Another Ordinance Will Be Drawn—
—The Slaughter House Report and Other Business.

Several matters came before the meeting of the city council last evening which created discussion on the part of the aldermen. The most important business was that of the paving of Maryland street which was temporarily settled. The ordinance for the paving was repealed and another is to be drawn to meet with the wants of the property owners. The ordinance to repeal the ordinance for the paving was read by the clerk and Mr. Irwin moved that rule fifteen be suspended and the ordinance be placed upon its passage.

Attorney E. S. McDonald was present and made some remarks in behalf of the property owners on the west side of the street. He said that these persons would be satisfied if the street was paved twenty feet wide and made to drain in the center. The owners on the west side would concede to the desire of the owners on the east side in regard to the draining if the latter would concede to the west side owners in regard to the width of the paving. He further said that the contractors had ordered the stone for the curbing and asked that the city buy it from them at the cost price. One of the contractors of the firm of Dempsey & Giblin was present and said that they would sell the stone to the city at the price it cost them, \$100.50. Mr. Simpson said that the east side owners were not present and he thought that it was only honorable that they should also be consulted. Mr. McDonald said that he knew Mr. Carroll, one of the owners on the east side was not in favor of the present ordinance and he thought that Mr. Schlaundman looked upon the matter in the same light. Mr. Simpson, however, insisted that Schlaundman should be consulted before any action was taken and Mr. Abrams made an amendment that the whole matter be referred to the public improvement committee. The motion to refer was carried with a vote of 3 to 3. Those voting against it being Aldermen Irwin, Hill and Hankins.

The matter came up a second time later on in the meeting. Mr. McDonald said that it was a serious matter with both the contractors and the property owners that the ordinance had not been passed at once. He said that they would go to work in the morning paving the street according to the ordinance which specified that the street should drain at the sides. The opinion of the city attorney was called for and Mr. Lee said that it would be better to repeal the present ordinance, and receive the contractors at once and after consulting the property owners prepare another ordinance which would embody the wishes of all concerned.

Mr. Hankins spoke in favor of the contractors, saying that it was only just that the city should buy the curbing stone from the contractors as they had agreed to the change of the ordinance without asking any damages. Mr. Montgomery and Mr. Thayer both said that there has been some misunderstanding in regard to the way in which the street was to be paved and a vote to reconsider the action was passed.

Another matter which took up a good deal of time was the report of the committee to whom was referred to the question of the slaughter houses. The report said that it was the opinion of the committee that the slaughter houses could be carried on without being a nuisance within the limits if the rules were complied with. It further said that the houses within the limits, which is one mile from the city limits, should be connected with a sewer of sufficient size and that the council should make a set of rules governing the management of the places and have control over the erection of the buildings. Mr. Irwin thought that the council should map out a certain territory in which the slaughter houses could be erected but Mr. DeWitt and Mr. Hankins, both members of the committee said that it was impossible for the council to specify where the slaughter houses should be built. Mr. Abrams made a motion to lay the matter on the table for another week until it could be investigated more fully and this was carried.

Sewer Bill.
The following bids were made for the building of the sewer in the alley first north of Leadland avenue extending from Jasper street east to Woodford street. They were all referred. P. E. Garber, \$468.81 for the job complete; H. S. Gehlert, 34 cents per foot; Deatur Plumbing and Heating Co., 35 cents per foot; R. F. Kincaid, 34 cents per foot.

Bids for Property.
A number of bids were received for property for the city building. Sarah A. Ewing and Orlando Powers offered the property one block west of the court house for \$4800.

Minerva Anderson offered the property east of the jail for \$4500. It has a frontage of 50 feet on Wood street and the west half extends back to Washington street.

W. R. Roberts offered the lot just west of the English Lutheran church on West William street for \$8000. It has a frontage of 62 feet and is 150 feet deep. The bids were all referred.

Other Business.
The mayor appointed George F. Kosleck as a special policeman for the Fourth ward. He is to receive \$15 per month from the city. The appointment was confirmed by the council.

Arthur S. Lyons asked permission to erect a sign on the sidewalk in front of his feed store on West Prairie avenue. Referred to the sidewalk and crossing committee.

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Resolutions.
That the street superintendent raise the sidewalk on North College street in front of the residence of George Simon. Adopted.

That a fire plug be put on South Main street close to the slaughter house. Referred to the water and light committee.

That the street superintendent present at the next meeting an itemized account of the money expended in the different wards for the improvement of sidewalks. Adopted.

Dashing Isadora Rush.
Isadora Rush, who enacts the part of Henrietta Oliver, in "The Wrong Mr. Wright," at the Grand tomorrow night contributes materially to the effectiveness of the piece by her handsome dresses. She is an ideal woman, so far as trigueness and neatness is concerned. While waiting for a cue recently she chatted affably about herself and her stage experiences. "I have two weaknesses," said she; "one is for opals, and the other for Japanese quavens. I prefer the Oriental costume for house wear, because it is so comfortable, and my wardrobe includes some interesting specimens of eastern handwork. One of them, valuable because of its antiquity, is a kimono of black crepe, embroidered in gold, which is said to be 160 years old. My fondness for opals is a contradiction to an old superstition. While they may have brought ill luck to some people, yet nothing out good fortune has been my lot since my collection has been started. I call them my muscats. Years ago my ambition was to be a comic opera singer, and I was trotted out by my friends for private performances, whenever the occasion presented itself. I wanted to go on the stage after seeing Mary Anderson play Rosalind, in my native town. My first professional appearance was seven years ago in the "Woman Hater."

Old People.
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and rule fifteen was suspended. The ordinance to repeal the ordinance for the paving was then passed with a vote of 10 to 2, Bold and Simpson voting nay.

About the Slaughter House.

Another matter which took up a good deal of time was the report of the committee to whom was referred to the question of the slaughter houses. The report said that it was the opinion of the committee that the slaughter houses could be carried on without being a nuisance within the limits if the rules were complied with. It further said that the houses within the limits, which is one mile from the city limits, should be connected with a sewer of sufficient size and that the council should make a set of rules governing the management of the places and have control over the erection of the buildings. Mr. Irwin thought that the council should map out a certain territory in which the slaughter houses could be erected but Mr. DeWitt and Mr. Hankins, both members of the committee said that it was impossible for the council to specify where the slaughter houses should be built. Mr. Abrams made a motion to lay the matter on the table for another week until it could be investigated more fully and this was carried.

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POLITICAL MEETINGS.

Republican rallies to be held in Decatur and vicinity.

Below are the official dates of Republican meetings to be held in the near future:

Night Meetings.
At Curro Gordo, Sept. 29—W. F. Calhoun.
At Blue Mound, Oct. 1—J. E. Sharrock.
At Decatur, Oct. 8—Gen. Daniel E. Sickles and party.
At Casser, Oct. 1—A. H. Mills, John Fitzgerald.
At Boody, Oct. 1—W. F. Calhoun.
At Oakley, Oct. 2—T. M. Hobart, J. H. O'Mara.
At Mt. Zion, Oct. 2—W. H. Bean.
At Warrensburg, Oct. 2—W. F. Calhoun.
At Forsyth, Oct. 2—I. R. Mills.
At Orsana, Oct. 3—A. E. Park, T. M. Hobart.
At Long Creek, Oct. 3—A. McIntosh.
At Macon, Oct. 3—A. H. Mills, J. L. Duck.
At Nanticoke, Oct. 3—I. R. Mills.
At Boody, Oct. 3—Hon. W. G. Cochran.
At Casser, Oct. 7—J. H. O'Mara and E. S. McDonald.
At Blue Mound, Oct. 8—Captain J. M. Taylor.
At Orsana, Oct. 9—Hon. W. G. Cochran.
At Macon, Oct. 10—Hon. W. G. Cochran and John Fitzgerald.
At Long Creek, Oct. 10—T. M. Hobart and George W. Soland.
At Hardsdale, Oct. 10—W. F. Calhoun.
Afternoon and Night.
Argenta, Sept. 30—Hon. James A. Connolly, of Springfield; H. C. Aikin, of Joliet, and Captain T. J. Smith, of Champaign. Music by the Curro Gordo brass band and glee club. Torchlight procession at night.

PERSONAL MENTION.

J. A. Reeve is in Springfield attending the state fair.
Charles Forsyth wants Clinton this morning on business.
W. R. Bresie is visiting relatives at Tecumseh, Michigan.
Orvil Kaylor has gone to Jacksonville where he will attend school.
Mrs. P. M. Provost, who has been seriously ill, is some better today.
Attorney C. C. Leforge went to Urbana today on a professional visit.
Alderman Mathias and David T. Park left this morning for Nelson, Neb.
Mrs. Louis Montgomery is visiting friends in Springfield this week.
Officer Andy Lord who has been ill for the past month is again able to be on duty.
Mrs. W. R. Buckmaster and daughter, Miss Nina, are in St. Louis visiting friends.
Miss Lepa Quinlan has taken a position as stenographer in the office of Attorney I. A. Buckingham.
Miss Lucy B. Haines, of Waterford, Va., will arrive in the city this evening to visit her brother, P. W. Haines.
Misses Lida and Cora Martin, James Johnson, Cecil Jack and Dean Cool left today for Ann Arbor, Michigan, where they will attend the university.
Hon. J. J. Brown, of Vandalia, grand chancellor of the Illinois Knights of Pythias, arrived in the city today to deliver the Pythian Day address. He is to speak at the hall of Couer de Leon lodge this evening and will be at the hall of Chevalier Bayard lodge later.

Diagnosis of Gripe.

True gripe is a germ disease. These germs are in the circulation and pervade every tissue and organ of the body. This brings speedy collapse and often death to the aged and debilitated. The only germicide known that searches out and destroys every gripe germ in the system is Brazilian Balm. A week or ten days' treatment effects a complete cure.

For sale by Armstrong Bros., Druggists.

J. R. Fisher, of Savoy, has raised a sweet potato which weighs five pounds.

Persons who have a coughing spell every night, on account of a tickling sensation in the throat, may overcome it at once by a dose of One Minute Cough Cure. A. J. Stoner & Son and Armstrong Bros.

A Household Necessity.

No family should be without Foley's Colic and Diarrhoea Cure, for all bowel complaints. Neisler Drug & Supply Co. and N. L. Krone.

Ed Malloy, of Rantoul, shows four ears of corn that weigh six pounds.

The Delavan Fair association will pay all premiums in full and all expenses will also be paid.

Gail Borden Eagle Brand Condensed Milk
"Infant Health" is a little book of great value that is sent FREE on application.
N. Y. Condensed Milk Co.
71 Hudson Street, New York

A LOYAL PHALANX.

Illinois A. M. E. Conference for McKinley and Tanner.

Republicanism Cordially Indorsed—Bishop Arnett's Eulogy—A Most Hopeful Outlook for the Success of the Republican Party at the Election.

The colored vote of Illinois has nearly always been uniformly loyal to the republican party, and it has always been recognized as one of its important factors. That the vote will be true to McKinley and the state ticket this year is evident. The Illinois conference of the African Methodist Episcopal church, recently in session at Peoria, heard some pronounced expressions which ought to be inspiring. Bishop Arnett gave the ministers of the conference some sound advice. Among other things he told them not to move from their present location until they had voted for president. He then paid a glowing tribute to Maj. McKinley, saying that he was a man who was not afraid to eat at the table of a colored man, as Maj. McKinley had sat at the bishop's board. He also said that if he thought it would do any good in leaving the ministers in their present charges he certainly would be tempted not to send them elsewhere, but he thought they should not remove before election day, thereby losing their votes, and he thought they would do more in the religious line elsewhere after the election. The bishop also declared his belief that "McKinley and Hobart will completely vanquish their opponents in the national strife, and as for Hertz, Tanner and the entire state ticket, their victory will not surprise the most sanguine hopes of their many loyal friends and supporters. They are advocates of good money, and will give us model government."

Rev. J. S. Wood, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church at Peoria, said: "First of all, McKinley will be the next president of the United States, as sure as the sun shines in the dome of the heavens on March 4, 1897. The American people, without regard to party politics, demand a statesman at the helm of the grand old ship of state. This is a campaign of patriotism against the wild visionary policy of obstruction and revolution. We do not want the idealist, but the real; not the theoretical, but the practical; not the shadow, but the substance. The latter are embodied in the matchless genius of that colossal statesman, William McKinley. Our state will be republican by 100,000 majority. Tanner, the soldier-statesman and citizen, will be the governor of the state of Illinois and redeem it from democratic rule."

Others talked with equal emphasis, and the sentiments expressed indicate plainly the attitude of the negro vote in the church and probably out of it. Here are a few of the patriotic utterances throughout the state and beyond its borders:

"Our national ticket, so ably headed by McKinley and Hobart, will be sure to win, because the American people are too patriotic and intelligent to suffer the evils of bad government, and I have never entertained the slightest doubt that the people of our great state will completely rout Altgeld, Hinrichsen and their socialistic clique and gladly welcome into power such noble characters as Hertz, Tanner and the republican candidates all."

"Secretary of the A. M. E. Conference," "McKinley and Hobart stand for honest money, a dollar worth 100 cents; for Bryan to win would mean disaster and distress to labor and to all principles of protection and reciprocity. There can be no course for wise men to take (other than to support the national and state republican tickets, for where the former, headed by the above named men represents the honor and prosperity of the nation, Hertz, Tanner and their associates stand for all that is beneficial and upholding in the state. Honor to whom honor is due."

"WILLIAM H. CHAMBERS, Presiding Elder Cairo District."

"I am first, last and all the time for McKinley and Hobart and the entire state ticket. Hertz, Tanner and their associates are all good men and the men we want to conduct our affairs."

"H. C. BURTON, Edwardsville, Ill."

"If 50 cents were better than one dollar I would be for Bryan, and if anarchy, socialism and general disorder were better than peace and prosperity I would be for Altgeld, Hinrichsen, et al.; but knowing what is best I am unqualifiedly for McKinley and Hobart, and Hertz, Tanner, et al."

"GREEN PRICE, Alton, Ill."

"The wall of the popocrat is heard all over the south. It is not so loud in the north, east and west, and after November 3 McKinley and Hobart will have turned that wall into a groan as to the nation, and Hertz, Tanner and their running mates in the state."

"E. C. COOPER, Decatur, Ill."

"The workman will answer it for himself, and how the gold standard will benefit him when his ballot on November 3 next will place in power the veteran statesmen, McKinley, Hobart, Tanner and the republican host."

justly without respect to a man's lineage.

"J. P. COATES, Gibson City, Ill."

"I have heard the cries of hard times from every nook and corner of the United States, and have seen families in good circumstances brought to a condition of starvation. This depression and distress, directly caused by improper government, can only be remedied by a change from the heads of the nation and the state to the lowest county and ward. Good government means good government in all its branches. To have such, we must elect such men as McKinley and Hobart, Hertz, Tanner and others, tried and true republicans."

"M. W. THORNTON, Lansing, Mich."

"I believe that Hon. William McKinley will do something to alleviate the disastrous condition now prevalent in the south on account of the awful sway of lynch law therein. At least, we shall ever hope and pray that he will be aided in the national and state affairs—namely: Hobart, Hertz, Tanner and others—and will accomplish a great deal in this regard and forward this country thereby in the great and onward march of civilization and in the fear of God, from whom all blessings flow."

"S. A. HARDISON, Danville, Ill."

"J. J. PHILLIPS, Moline, Ill."

"McKinley, the statesman and friend to truth, will receive a stronger support than any other man who has appeared before the voters of the country."

"C. S. SMITH, Secretary of Sunday School Union, African Methodist Episcopal church."

"Maj. McKinley is a safe man."

"J. G. MITCHELL, Dean of Payne Seminary, Wilberforce, Ohio."

"The Republican standard-bearers, McKinley and Hobart, will receive the earnest support of honest citizens."

"B. W. ARNETT, JR."

WHAT THEY DON'T HAVE.

The Negative View of the Populist Policy—Obstruction the Chief Feature.

Maj. R. M. Woods writes vigorously in the Galesburg Republican Register on the composition of the populist party and what it stands for, and among other things says:

"Behold the popocratic advocate of free coinage shouting we don't want to be dictated to by British bankers. Thank fortune we have got them to oppose Great Britain in one item in a half century. They have played into the hands of British interests all their lives, and it is truly refreshing that they have changed their cry. But why Great Britain? All the other civilized nations on the globe are on the same footing with Great Britain. The fact is the republican party has made an other step forward and the democratic party, true to its instincts, tries to hinder our progress. They have opposed every movement for the benefit of human liberty, education, advancement and prosperity that has been made since the formation of their party."

"They have no policy for the coinage except to break down the standard."

"They have no policy for the currency but to destroy the national bank currency."

"They have no policy for banking banks."

"They have no policy for the preservation of the national credit except to break down the United States bonds."

"They have no policy for the administration of justice except to break down the supreme court."

"They have no policy to protect interstate commerce and the safe transmission of the United States mails except to break down the authority of the national executive."

"They have no policy to quell internal disorder except to break down the power of the United States army."

"They have no policy for internal improvement except to break down the revenue."

"They have no policy to foster foreign trade except to break down reciprocity."

"They have no policy to foster the production of American sugar except to break down the domestic bounty."

"They have no policy for the purification of the administration of the government except to break down the civil service law."

"They have no policy to encourage thrift and the accumulation of capital necessary to great enterprises except to break it down by an unconstitutional income tax."

"They have no policy for the settling of the great west except to oppose all homestead laws."

"They have no policy for education except to oppose all appropriations looking to that end."

"They have no policy for the building up of the merchant marine except to oppose all subsidies."

"They have no policy for the extension of our protection to sister republics except to haul down the American flag at Honolulu."

"They have no policy for the protection of the treasury but to break down the surplus."

"They have no policy for the greatness and glory of the American flag and the grandeur of this, the best government on earth, except to give us a black eye before the nations of the world by attempting to break down and subvert the wise policy that has made us the most prosperous, contented and happy people in existence, and to take away the prestige of our unvarying success of 30 years of republican rule."

Senator Foraker, of Ohio, will make three speeches in Illinois—in Chicago, Rockford and Mattoon. These will be great turnouts for the first three days of October.

Is there anything too good for the "common people" of the United States? Is there any money too good for them? Why should they not have as good as the best?

Henry D. Lloyd declined the nomination for lieutenant governor tendered him by the "middle of the road" populists.

Decatur has a republican club composed of lawyers.

LINN & SCRUGGS

DRY GOODS & CARPET COMPANY.

A question asked one thousand and one times a day: "When are you going to get into your new building?" We are as anxious as anyone to answer this question, but cannot at the present. Men are working on the building as fast as possible.

Don't wait for the new store to open, call on us now. Our temporary store and fixtures are not as handsome as the new will be but the merchandise you will find just as pretty and good.

A World of Bargains in All Departments This Week.

CLOAK AND SUIT DEPARTMENT.

Our loss, your gain. To close entire line of medium weight Fall Wraps we will offer the following Clearance Bargains:

A Clearance Bargain!	About 90 ladies' medium weight Jackets, all new, complete assortment of the prevailing styles. Worth from \$5.98 to \$15. Our Clearance Price from.....	\$3.90 to \$5.98
A Clearance Bargain!	About 60 misses' fall weight Jackets, sizes 10 to 16 years, plain colors and checks, very nicely trimmed. Worth \$2.98 to \$9.00. Our Clearance Price from.....	\$1.49 to \$3.98
A Clearance Bargain!	About 50 children's two-piece tailor-made Suits, Separate Jackets and Skirts. Good, heavy, warm material, attractive styles, 4 to 14 years, worth \$5 to \$8.98. Our Clearance Prices from.....	\$2.98 to \$4.98
A Clearance Bargain!	About 30 ladies' Fall Costumes, some sample suits. Guaranteed all wool material and latest styles, worth from \$10 to \$15. Our Clearance Price.....	\$7.49

The Latest Style Winter Jackets for Ladies.

The Latest Style Winter Capes for Ladies.

The Latest Style Winter Jackets for Misses.

The Latest Style Winter Jackets for Children.

The Latest Style Winter Cloaks for the Babies.

1500 NEW FALL WRAPPERS JUST IN. Carefully selected from the best Manufacturers. All New Styles, cheap patterns. You will find them attractive bargains at 98c, \$1.25 and \$1.49.

DRESS GOODS.

Another new lot of Novelty Suitings. These goods are strictly all wool and full double width, 29c yd. Beautiful Fall Novelties, latest and best designs and 48 different styles and colorings to select from, actually worth 75c, will be sold for 50c yd. Our assortment of Imported Rough Effects is said by expert shoppers to be the most complete they have ever seen. Our prices compared with the quality of the goods are extremely low.

Matarese effects in silk and wool and mohair and wool, are the prettiest and the best the German markets offer. To see them is to appreciate them.

54-inch wide Wale Serge, in navy and black. The goods are perfect in dye and finish and is sold regular at 75c yd. We have about 2,000 yards; our price this week 49c yd.

JUST A WORD TO MOTHER

In the Little Ones' Behalf.

Parental Delight on tap in infinite variety at

STINE'S.

Mothers will find best reward of care for and pride in children



by clothing them for School and Sabbath in some of our varied Fall provision for

CHILDREN'S SUITS.

In the Market to Control It.

The B. STINE CLOTHING CO.

Invites inspection of the following LEADING SPECIALTIES.

MILLER'S Decatur Steam Dye House.

Ladies and Gentlemen—You can save money on your Clothes by taking them to MILLER'S NEW DECATUR STEAM DYE HOUSE.

145 NORTH MAIN STREET, (Second door north of Arcade Building.)

Gent's Suits and Overcoats neatly Dyed, Cleaned, Pressed and Repaired on short notice.

Ladies' and Children's Dresses and Cloaks Dyed and Cleaned without ripping apart. DRY CLEANING A SPECIALTY. Work First Class. Prices Reasonable. Everything in the line of Cleaning and Dyeing nicely done. Goods sent by express will receive prompt attention.

Miller's New Decatur Steam Dye House, 145 North Main Street, Decatur, Ill.

CASH FOR GOOD NOTES.—I can handle some short time notes if good. GEO. W. EHRHART.

For ages 3 to 8, our "Duplex" double breasted Reeler or open front, at choice in fine all wool chevots, braided, at \$3, \$3.25, \$3.50, \$4 and \$4.50—the suit of heretofore unequalled value. Elegant and novel blue worsted Sailor Suits, very chic and fetching, \$5.50. Reefers in all wool and color grades—chinchilla, fancy chevot and astrachan, for winter wear of Toddlers who draw the line on ulsters, \$2.50 to \$5.50.

Just a Complete Line of Everything Needed by graduates of the nursery and candidates for school.

Be Prepared for a SURPRISE ABOUT PRICES

When you come as children of older growth to investigate offerings in Men's and Youth's FALL OVERCOATS and FURNISHINGS by the

B. STINE CLOTHING CO.,

245-249 NORTH WATER ST.

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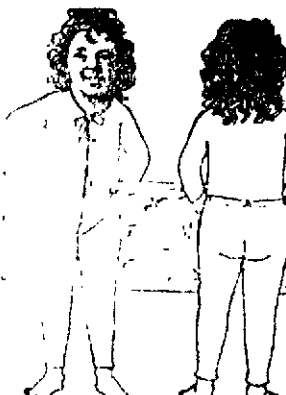
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W. R. A
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My New Goods are in

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UGGS COMPANY.

When are you going to get into this question, but cannot for a while.

Now. Our temporary store and merchandise you will find just

ments This Week.

DEPARTMENT.

in weight Fall Wraps bargains:

new, complete from \$5.98 to \$3.90 to \$5.98

0 to 16 years. Worth \$2.98 \$1.49 to \$3.98

its, Separate material, attractive Clearance \$2.98 to \$4.98

suits. Guaranteed from \$10 \$7.49

Misses.

for Children.

Cloaks for the Babies.

Manufacturers. All New Styles, choice

ODS.

to silk and wool and mohair and wool are and the best German markets afford, to appreciate them.

Serge, in navy and black. This goods dye and finish and is sold regularly at have about 2,000 yards; our price for yd.

JUST A WORD TO MOTHER

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Parental Delight on tap in infinite variety at

STINE'S.

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School and Sabbath and Fall provision for r's suits.

to Control It.

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of the following SPECIALTIES.

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Everything rsery and

PRICES

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BICYCLES!

BICYCLES!

BICYCLES!

New, from \$35 Up!

Second-Hand Wheels, Sundries, Repairing, and Wheels to Rent.

J. F. FARIES,

447 North Water Street.

DO YOU NEED A WATCH



Kind or Price? SEE

W. R. Abbott & Co., WATCH DEALERS.



My New Goods are in and ready for inspection. Can give you some great values.

H. C. Anthony DECATUR, ILL.

Ovation to Fifer.

Bad Weather Does Not Dampen the Ardor of the Republicans.

BIG PARADE AND RALLY LAST NIGHT.

Opera House Packed to Hear Mr. Fifer and Mr. Hamilton—Democrats Meet at the Tabernacle.

There were two political rallies in Decatur last night, one given by the Republicans in honor of ex-Governor Fifer and the principles of patriotism and protection, and the other by the Popocrats for Colonel Sloan of Ohio, who didn't come, and B. F. Caldwell, of Springfield. It was generally conceded that the Republicans had the best of the contest in numbers and genuine enthusiasm by big odds.

The Republican hosts formed near Abbott's hall under the direction of Colonel Gallagher and Adjutant Moore, and the column moved on the line of march headed by Goodman's band, with the Republican bugle and drum corps, the Third ward martial band, flags, banners and the Long Creek cavalry corps occupying positions of prominence. The Bill Starr Tanner club was out in a body. Many of the marchers, despite the drizzle and mud wore their uniforms and hats, and over 400 torches were borne in the line. The members of the Union Veterans club, special escort for "Private Joe," nearly 100 in number, did not join the procession until Mr. Fifer left the St. Nicholas in an open carriage. The veterans, each wearing a small silk flag, one of which Comrade Steele pinned on Fifer, marched in front of the carriage two blocks to the hall, and took the seats reserved for them on the stage. There were nearly 500 paraders in the Republican procession, and very few were boys. It was a voting column. Many sound money Democrats were in line and they were among the most enthusiastic shouters along the route. The threatening state of the weather prevented hundreds of Republicans from turning out. Many had left their homes with the impression that neither party would make a demonstration. As the Republican column passed the St. Nicholas corner there was a beautiful display of red fire and fireworks. Some of the Long Creek horses were a little rattled by the racket and light but the riders held them in check nicely. All along the route of the parade people lined the walks and got out into the streets and the tooting and blowing of horns mingled with the ringing shouts for McKinley and Hobart. The Wheelmen's Sound money bicycle club did not turn out. The street were too slippery for the wheels and the riders saved themselves for the first favorable night. Had this club been in line the number of paraders would have been swelled to 700 or 800.

Speaking at the Grand Opera House was an old time Republican rally. The great hall was filled over to the boxes and stage and the decorations were in keeping with the character of the meeting. "Old Glory" was suspended from the front fly and pictures of McKinley and Hobart and Tanner were conspicuously displayed. There was great cheering when ex-Governor Fifer was ushered to a seat by Captain Lytle. It amounted to a flattering ovation. Mr. Lytle announced that ex-State Senator W. C. Johns had been selected to serve as chairman of the meeting and then there was more cheering. Mr. Johns announced a selection by Goodman's band, and a patriotic medley was played in capital style. The McKinley glee club sang "I Don't Believe They'll Do It." It captured the crowd and for an encore the club sang "When the Boys Begin to Vote." It was another good one.

When the applause had subsided Chairman Johns spoke in complimentary terms of the honorable career of Mr. Fifer as governor of the state, and said it was a record of which all were proud, reflecting credit alike upon the governor and the state. From 1860 to 1892, a period of thirty-two years, the state of Illinois had been well governed and the country generally had enjoyed a period of great prosperity. There were no ugly spots on the Republican record, and at no time in that period was it necessary to put seals on the safe of the state treasury. (Applause.) All of the Republican governors had turned over every cent of the state cash. Governor Fifer had met defeat in '92 but in going down with his party he came out of the fight with more votes than other candidates on the state ticket. Mr. Johns then presented the speaker, who was received with a general outburst of applause.

The Address. In opening his address the ex-governor took occasion to repay in part the complimentary things that had been said to him by Mr. Johns. He added that it was a source of pleasure for him to visit Decatur and stand on the historic ground where Lincoln had once lived, and where the people had adored him and started him on that career which had made him one of the historic characters of the age. (Applause.) Continuing he said:

I have as much interest in this campaign as you have. I am not a candidate for office and do not expect to be again. I have taken a hand in it simply because to

my mind it is the most important campaign that has called to the American people since 1860. At that time it was the integrity of the union and today it is industrial prosperity and the national honor. I interested myself because I want to help elect that great statesman, Wm. McKinley, as president and because I wanted to see my friend, John R. Tanner as governor of Illinois. I want to see him at the head of the imperial state which has given us Lincoln, Grant and Logan. I wanted to do what little I could to give to this country a currency of gold, silver and currency as good as gold. (Applause.) The republican party stands now on these questions as it always has stood. It wants every dollar worth one hundred cents no matter whether it is made of gold, silver or paper. That has been its policy always and that is its policy today. The republican party stands today where it has always stood on the question of protection. It stands for American labor. (Applause.) Governor Algeid, in seeking a change, has been ready to make a bargain with any party. He has been willing to fuse with any one. It is refreshing therefore to know that there is one party which stands erect and with a firm reliance on the intelligence of the people and ready to fight the questions alone. But there are democrats who can't be led by Algeid and his crowd. There are democrats thank God, who stand for themselves and are their own sovereigns. There are men of this stamp in both parties. In 1892 there was no reference in the democratic platform to the money question which differed from the republicans, and I want to ask you what were Algeid, Hinrichsen and Tillman doing then? In 1892 Algeid declared that the democrats favored sound money—that is, I suppose he made the declaration all the money bonds, and everything else. At that time we had a population of 31 million of which twenty million lived north and eleven million lived south. In these estimates they have made they do not take into consideration the people of the south at all. In making estimates on farm products and reckoning their price they jumble in the farming machinery and everything of that kind to show that the price has gone down. The price of products has fallen. There can be no question of that. Before the war a firm of wagon dealers at Pekin sold their wagons at \$110 each. In making a speech there recently and calling attention to this fact I asked what these wagons could be bought for now and one of the men in the audience arose and said \$45 and a better wagon than was sold during the war. It is so with everything simply because of improved machinery. It has reduced the cost of the product but in the price of labor.

My friends, the price did not come down at this time on account of the crime of '92 but on account of the greater crime of '92. Algeid says that we have a two hundred cent dollar and you are left to infer that he would cut it in two by his 16 to 1 policy. The fact of the matter is that we have no such dollar. If it is true that we have you farmers who are selling your wheat at 60 cents and your oats at 18 are getting good prices for in reality you are getting a dollar a bushel and 36 cents a bushel. If his claim is true your lands which were worth fifty dollars an acre are now worth a hundred. They claim that these debts were all contracted on a silver basis and should be paid in silver. The government up to '73 had paid its obligations in gold and if it did issue bonds redeemable in coin, they meant gold. Our debts since 1873 have been contracted on a gold basis. The government has the power my friends to say what a dollar shall be worth but they have not the right. Some one on the other side of the water has said that we were morally dead as a people but I do not believe it. The situation is this since 1873 the government has colored the silver on its own responsibility. The production of silver became so great that the mine owners made a row and the government agreed to coin a little more. Despite all the government agreed to take and coin the price of silver fell on account of the big production. The government said that it would stand behind the money and did and as a result sixty cents worth of it now circulates for a dollar. Curtiss says it will be redeemed in gold. Suppose you were to get scared and called upon him. He would offer you either gold, silver or paper, saying taking your choice and any choice you would make the money would be worth one hundred cents on the dollar. They urge that the silver ought to be paid out on all the claims presented to the government. The minute we do this we fall to a silver basis. Bryan says that the people ought to be allowed to take their bullion to the mint and have it coined. Nonsense. How many of you fellows would have any bullion to take? They don't want the government to stand sponsor for the money. They say to the world bring on your fifty cents of silver and we will stamp it with an infernal lie and call it a dollar. Under their proposed policy the government would have nothing to do with the money except to stamp it. The only man to be benefitted by this policy would be the one engaged in silver mining. Do you suppose your wages would go up. There are railroads men here. To them I want to say that the rate for carrying passengers in this state is fixed by law. Freight rates are regulated by boards under the laws. The people in this state will never vote to have these rates raised, and if the earnings of the road are to be cut in two where can you men hope for anything better. The sooner you get this idea out of your head that government can legislate value into something the better you will be off for it can't be done. Just a word about state affairs. During my administration I had nine million of dollars to run the government of Illinois. When I stepped out I left three million for my successor. Algeid has had twelve million allowed him in addition to the three I left, and yet the auditor's warrants are being hawked about the streets of Springfield and find no buyers. (Applause.) Algeid claimed that he could make a big saving in the management of the affairs of the state. During his previous canvass a meeting of laboring men were called at Ottumwa to announce me. As governor of this state I vetoed no bill which affected labor. I recommended many to the legislature which became laws and with this hand I signed every one that was passed which

ver worth one dollar. I don't believe that is necessary for a man to have a brain to see the falsity of this claim. All he needs is a little pinch of grey matter at the end of his spinal column. They say that the demonization of silver has brought down the price of farm products and of labor. We have now more money than we had in 1872. Then the amount per capita was \$18. Now the amount is or was in 1892, \$22. They say that silver was cut down one half by that act. Up to the time that this alleged crime was committed we had coined little more than eight millions of dollars. But at the time the law was passed there was not a silver dollar in circulation. When they say therefore that silver was stricken down they are saying something that is false. If I mistake not since 1873 when this alleged crime was committed we have coined some \$429,000,000 in silver dollars, and yet they claim and many believe what they say that silver was demonetized. If you will take statistics and study them you will find that prior to 1892 labor increased some 58 per cent, and at the same time the purchasing power of the wages increased some 75 per cent. They claim that the price of farm products has decreased on account of this alleged crime. My friends, the price of farm products have gone up and down for years and if you study the figures you will find this to be the case. You will find that for the five years following the "crime" the price of wheat fell below 73 cents and for the next five years it rose. I know for I bought wheat at \$1.40 in 1881 and wished afterwards that I had no. These fellows in getting their figures are not honest. For instance after the war they say that the amount of money per capita was \$34 but in making this estimate they take into consideration all the money bonds, and everything else. At that time we had a population of 31 million of which twenty million lived north and eleven million lived south. In these estimates they have made they do not take into consideration the people of the south at all. In making estimates on farm products and reckoning their price they jumble in the farming machinery and everything of that kind to show that the price has gone down. The price of products has fallen. There can be no question of that. Before the war a firm of wagon dealers at Pekin sold their wagons at \$110 each. In making a speech there recently and calling attention to this fact I asked what these wagons could be bought for now and one of the men in the audience arose and said \$45 and a better wagon than was sold during the war. It is so with everything simply because of improved machinery. It has reduced the cost of the product but in the price of labor.

My friends, the price did not come down at this time on account of the crime of '92 but on account of the greater crime of '92. Algeid says that we have a two hundred cent dollar and you are left to infer that he would cut it in two by his 16 to 1 policy. The fact of the matter is that we have no such dollar. If it is true that we have you farmers who are selling your wheat at 60 cents and your oats at 18 are getting good prices for in reality you are getting a dollar a bushel and 36 cents a bushel. If his claim is true your lands which were worth fifty dollars an acre are now worth a hundred. They claim that these debts were all contracted on a silver basis and should be paid in silver. The government up to '73 had paid its obligations in gold and if it did issue bonds redeemable in coin, they meant gold. Our debts since 1873 have been contracted on a gold basis. The government has the power my friends to say what a dollar shall be worth but they have not the right. Some one on the other side of the water has said that we were morally dead as a people but I do not believe it. The situation is this since 1873 the government has colored the silver on its own responsibility. The production of silver became so great that the mine owners made a row and the government agreed to coin a little more. Despite all the government agreed to take and coin the price of silver fell on account of the big production. The government said that it would stand behind the money and did and as a result sixty cents worth of it now circulates for a dollar. Curtiss says it will be redeemed in gold. Suppose you were to get scared and called upon him. He would offer you either gold, silver or paper, saying taking your choice and any choice you would make the money would be worth one hundred cents on the dollar. They urge that the silver ought to be paid out on all the claims presented to the government. The minute we do this we fall to a silver basis. Bryan says that the people ought to be allowed to take their bullion to the mint and have it coined. Nonsense. How many of you fellows would have any bullion to take? They don't want the government to stand sponsor for the money. They say to the world bring on your fifty cents of silver and we will stamp it with an infernal lie and call it a dollar. Under their proposed policy the government would have nothing to do with the money except to stamp it. The only man to be benefitted by this policy would be the one engaged in silver mining. Do you suppose your wages would go up. There are railroads men here. To them I want to say that the rate for carrying passengers in this state is fixed by law. Freight rates are regulated by boards under the laws. The people in this state will never vote to have these rates raised, and if the earnings of the road are to be cut in two where can you men hope for anything better. The sooner you get this idea out of your head that government can legislate value into something the better you will be off for it can't be done. Just a word about state affairs. During my administration I had nine million of dollars to run the government of Illinois. When I stepped out I left three million for my successor. Algeid has had twelve million allowed him in addition to the three I left, and yet the auditor's warrants are being hawked about the streets of Springfield and find no buyers. (Applause.) Algeid claimed that he could make a big saving in the management of the affairs of the state. During his previous canvass a meeting of laboring men were called at Ottumwa to announce me. As governor of this state I vetoed no bill which affected labor. I recommended many to the legislature which became laws and with this hand I signed every one that was passed which

would benefit the laboring man. Yet I was condemned at this meeting. Algeid promised the laboring men that when he was elected the factories outside of the prison should run and those inside would be closed. About the first thing he did was to get \$600,000 to put improved machinery in the penitentiary at Joliet. He is now turning out tube, cigars, barrels, etc., and competing with honest labor. I wonder that the labor organization do not call another meeting. They found that the penitentiary made cigars, were throwing honest cigarmakers out of work and went to the legislature and asked that a bill be passed prohibiting the making of anything in the penitentiary which went into the mouth. The bill was passed and Algeid vetoed it. In concluding the governor paid his respects to that plan of the democratic platform which refers to the government by injunction. He asked the audience if they wanted it understood that the president of the United States did not have the right to read troops into a state to quell disorder which was inimical to the safety of the government. There were loud cries of "No," and the speaker said the utterance to him sounded like shriek from South Carolina or a groan from the grave of Jefferson Davis. He closed by an appeal for the election of McKinley and Tanner.

Ex-Governor John M. Hamilton, of Chicago, who had arrived in the city during the evening on his way to Carrollton where he speaks today, occupied a box with Senator Kanan while Mr. Fifer was speaking. Mr. Hamilton, who is a forceful and logical speaker, addressed the meeting briefly, making a number of telling points. He was warmly applauded.

The Tanner Glee club made up of eight young men, old members of the escort glee club, sang "When We Count Out the Votes," which brought down the house, and won an encore. The last selection was a stirring song, and served as the dismissal for the splendid rally.

THE POPOCRATIC MEETING. Had a Meritorious Parade but was shy on Voters in Line. Chairman Briggs of the free silver wing of the Democratic party, went ahead with his rally meeting at the tabernacle last night, although he knew that the "big card" of the day, Colonel Sloan, of Ohio, would not be present. He was outside a horse and got his torch bearers together for the procession. It was Democratic weather. It has since been long learned that the unsettled state of the elements has no terror for the average Democrat, particularly the boys. The Democrats thought it was their golden opportunity to "do" the Republicans, but they didn't have their hopes realized. They fell short about 100. Still they made a very creditable showing, although about 80 per cent of the marchers were boys. Wheeland on horseback was represented in the procession. The Woonaham band, the German Lutheran band and the drum corps were in line.

The Speaking. At the tabernacle Orator Sloan and B. F. Caldwell, candidate for congress from this district, were billed to speak. There was great regret in the minds of the managers that Sloan failed to arrive. The tabernacle was filled to the doors. Robert Hunt was the chairman of the meeting and introduced the speakers. Mr. Caldwell complimented the city at the beginning of his speech. He declared the campaign neither light nor trifling in nature. He said republicans were trying to continue with the threadbare ideas of tariff and reciprocity. A large portion of his speech was devoted to reading what Blaine had said upon the subject of silver and the pointing out of instances when McKinley had stood a friend to the white stuff. Blaine was quoted as favoring the remonetization of silver and if Blaine according to present reading was certainly an anarchist. In quoting and speaking of McKinley, Mr. Caldwell said McKinley had been a veritable Richmond in the field for free silver. He favored the largest use of silver in making money

Continued on Sixth Page.

Women go on, heedlessly ignoring the dangers that lie right in the path of their thoughtlessness. They neglect little warnings until they get used to them. The warnings become louder and louder, and still they do not heed them. Their sickness increases like a snowball rolling down hill. The sickness comes on gradually, and they get used to it gradually, but it ruins their lives just the same. One woman in a hundred, perhaps, is perfectly healthy. Sometimes her weakness is inherited, sometimes acquired by carelessness. In every case, care and Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will give her new life and strength and vitality. It will fill out the hollows in her cheeks, bring color to her lips, brighten her eyes, and make her really and truly a woman. The "Favorite Prescription" is of inestimable value at three stages in the lives of every woman—when the girl becomes a woman, when the woman becomes a mother, and when the mother becomes incapable of maternity. At these times it gives safety and strength. It is the only medicine now before the public for women's peculiar ailments, adapted to her delicate organization by a regularly graduated physician—an experienced and skilled specialist in these maladies. It cannot do harm in any condition of the system. Its sales exceed the combined sales of all other medicines for women.

Every woman should have and read Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a great book of a thousand pages, profusely illustrated which will be sent free on receipt of an one-cent stamp, to pay for mailing only. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

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TRUTH

must be told in the public interest, and the truth about carpets is that our stock of floor coverings generally is a veritable fairyland of new, pleasing, and attractive novelties. The floor is too much in evidence to be dismissed without thought, too much under foot for the quality of its covering to be disregarded. Study comfort, convenience and economy by looking over our candidates for the floor. The election will be ours beyond question.

900 yd. lot of Oil Cloths, 18 to 25c.
1,600 yd. lot of Linoleums, 37c.

Specials Every Day Until Closed.

ABEL CARPET WALL-PAPER CO.

THE GREAT CHEAP TEN DAY SALE OF DRY GOODS ...NOW ON...

Best Calicoes made, 5c.
Good Calicoes, 3c.
Good Gingham, 5c.
Handsome Plaids, 10, 12½, 15, 20c.
Choice Suitings, 25, 30, 35, 50c.
Broadcloths and Covert Suitings at 75, 90c and \$1.00.
Best Satin Duchesse Black, \$1.10.
Best Aida Cloth, \$1.10.
Beautiful All Silk Rhadames, worth \$1.50 at 98c.
SCORES OF BARGAINS.
Table Linens, Towels, Napkins, &c.

S. G. HATCH & BRO.,
151 EAST MAIN ST.
Sept. 23, 1896.

Two Lives saved.
Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida street, San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. It is a naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. At West's Drug Store.

Mr. D. S. Meyers, of Pontiac, has 3500 acres in corn in Lee county and expected to gather 350,000 bushels.

Eli Hill, Lumber City, Pa., writes: "I have been suffering from Piles for twenty-five years and thought my case incurable. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve was recommended to me as a pile cure so I bought a box and it performed a permanent cure." This is only one of thousands of similar cases. Eczema, sores and skin diseases will yield quickly when it is used. A. J. Stoner & Son and Armstrong Bros.

New Holland is now a full fledged village. At an election six trustees were elected.

Found.
At Neisler Drug & Supply Co. and N. L. Krone's drug store, a marvelous cure for all kidney complaints, nervous exhaustion and female weakness. It is Foley's Kidney Cure.

Thirty-five divorce cases are to be heard at this term of the Champaign county circuit court.

"Wake up, Jacob, day is breaking!" so said DeWitt's Little Early Risers to the man who had taken time to arouse his sluggish liver. A. J. Stoner & Son and Armstrong Bros.

The Delavan Fair association will pay all premiums in full and all expenses will also be paid.

Pass the good word along the line. Piles can be quickly cured without an operation by simply applying DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A. J. Stoner & Son and Armstrong Bros.

J. R. Fisher, of Savoy, has raised a sweet potato which weighs five pounds.

Persons who have a coughing spell every night, on account of a tickling sensation in the throat, may overcome it at once by a dose of One Minute Cough Cure. A. J. Stoner & Son and Armstrong Bros.

Ed Malloy, of Rantoul, shows four ears of corn that weigh six pounds.

A Household Necessity.
No family should be without Foley's Colic and Diarrhea Cure, for all bowel complaints. Neisler Drug & Supply Co. and N. L. Krone.

An alleged mad dog bit several horses and dogs a day or two ago at Pekin.

BONFIELD, Ill., Aug. 14, 1895.
"I am subject to Cramps and Colic, and have used many remedies, but find Foley's Colic and Diarrhea Cure beats them all." W. L. YEARS.
Neisler Drug & Supply Co. and N. L. Krone.

Joe Orr and John Radcliff, living near Pekin, have gathered several hundred pounds of wild honey.

A team of horses drawing a load of 8000 pounds through the streets of Delavan attracted much attention.

There's No Getting Around The Fact That



Pillsbury's Best
is the best flour. 22,500 barrels made every day.
Your Grocer Will Supply You.

THE DEMOCRATS.

Concluded from Preceding Page

for the country. He declared he wanted the double standard. The increase of circulation and more money in business is what we are contending for. We do not want to deprive the citizen of this money. Have times so changed that we do not need this money now? Where will the laboring man and farmers be benefited by making money dearer and commodities cheaper? McKinley once dressed up Grover Cleveland in great shape and said he was dishonoring one metal and enhancing in the value of gold. We hold the same thing against both of them. Do not think you can get a change of this policy by voting for McKinley? By voting for him you will continue the Cleveland issue of the last four years. They want to make money dearer by striking down one of the metals. McKinley voted in '77 to pay bonds in silver. I defy any republican to show me anything in their platform that mentions paying labor in gold. The speaker then read what he called "the clear ring plank from the democratic platform" which told of how they proposed to treat both gold and silver. In concluding he said: "The infamous machinations of Hanna and his followers in St. Louis are the cause of the republican party showing the yellow flag to England and other countries. Vote for that gallant young American, the star of the west, rising in the east, William Jennings Bryan."

Mr. Hunt then said introduced the venerable Judge W. E. Nelson who said that he was very glad we had declared our financial independence of every other nation. Next to the question of freedom was the question of money. If man doesn't get money for labor he soon becomes either a pauper or a tramp. If a law was passed requiring the storing of wheat for five years it would soon be repealed and so the judge thought that the condition of law which hindered the coinage of silver should be repealed. He then reviewed the Bland act and the Sherman law and said these things showed that the people were demanding plenty of money. We need much more money than we have and that is why we are trying to get all the silver coined that is possible. We don't want this money in greenbacks but in gold and silver. Silver, the ancient money of this and other countries. Republicans pledge themselves to international bimetallism but they do not tell you how it is to be brought about. If the scheme is good for the people of the world why should we wait about it? The judge believed that if we had free coinage then the world would follow us within three years. There is an effort by republicans to get laboring men and farmers divided on this question. It was a blessing to have low prices for the necessities of life. The best market for the farmer was at his door. The judge hoped that men of all classes would give Bryan, Altgeld and Caldwell enough votes to land them safe.

The other speakers were A. G. Webber and James T. Whitley, and F. W. Niedermeier had a few words to say about Bryan being a man who does not use tobacco. Before the meeting closed there were many vacant seats in the hall.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

Expert hydrographers say that in its deepest parts the ocean's waters are so dense that a sunken ironclad would never reach the bottom.

At Leeds, England, 20,000 people make more than 100,000,000 needles a year, and they are made and exported so cheaply that England has no rival and practically monopolizes the trade.

Over 300,000 specimens of fossil insects have been collected from various parts of the world. Of these, butterflies are among the very rarest, as less than 20 specimens all told have been found.

The average depth of the sea, in yards, is as follows: Pacific, 4,252; Atlantic, 4,026; Indian, 2,653; Antarctic, 3,000; Arctic, 1,690; Mediterranean, 1,476; Irish, 240; English channel, 110; Adriatic, 45; Baltic, 43.

The largest shipyards in the world are those of Harland & Wolff, of Belfast, Ireland. The works employ at present over 9,000 skilled workmen and apprentices. Since its organization the firm has turned over 1,000,000 tons of ocean-going craft.

Between the ordinary harmless snake and such species as the cobra and viper there is great structural difference in the formation of the head. In highly poisonous snakes the lower jawbone is shortened, while the transverse or inner jawbone is correspondingly lengthened.

The largest maritime concern in the world, the North German Lloyd, evidently does not believe that the trade between America and Europe is declining. This company has ordered two more fast liners of 13,000 tons burden each and four of 10,500 tons each, for its New York line. At present the company employs 80 steamers, with 302,166 tonnage, and 80 barges, with a tonnage of 15,900.

It is well known to jewelers that aluminum will mark a glass or "paste" diamond, but not the true gem, provided the surface is wet. This fact has now been applied to the production of a small disk of aluminum, rapidly revolved by an electric motor. The stone to be tested is wetted and held against the edge of the disk by means of a spring clamp.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.
The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by E. A. West, the druggist.

WITH THE WORKERS.

Growing Interest and Activity in the Campaign.

Increase in the Number of Callers at the Republican Headquarters - Veterans Marching to the Music of Victory - Extract from a Circular Letter.

The growing interest and activity in the campaign was partially indicated by the increased number of callers at republican state headquarters, among them men of prominence in national as well as state politics. T. V. Powderly, for many years at the head of organized labor in the United States, made a tour of all of the departments, under escort of Chairman Hitch, and G. T. Wilcox, of the national committee's headquarters, paid a visit for information. Senator Cullom was in while on his way to Canton, O., and discussed the situation in the state as it appeared to him from observation. Ex-Gov. Pifer talked cheerfully of the outlook in central Illinois, and placed himself at the service of the state committee, and will have important appointments. Congressman Cannon and Kinaker, who are constantly on the stump, told of the enthusiasm where they have been. Gen. James S. Martin, of Salem, formerly chairman of the committee, came up with assurances from "Egypt" and to see how the crew of '96 is pulling together. Others with information, or seeking speakers or documents, were: Hon. D. T. Littler, of Springfield; John W. Bunn and F. K. Whittemore; Col. A. C. Mathews, of Pittsfield; Senator Berry, of Carthage; ex-Senator Torrance, of Pontiac; and Representative Murdock, of Galesburg; J. O. Anderson, of Delora; Griffin, of Paw Paw, and Payne, of Rock Island.

The veterans' bureau, in charge of Gen. J. N. Reece, is daily thronged by prominent military men actively engaged in the organization of the old soldiers for McKinley and Tanner. Reports from all over the state show that they have enlisted, with few exceptions, and that they are manifesting the spirit which prompted them to first defend "Old Glory." They are organizing everywhere to promote the election of their comrades to the offices of president and governor. In their work they accept the sentiments expressed in a circular letter from the bureau, which says:

"It is worth something to reflect that since the war closed the republican party has placed no man in the high office of president who was not a comrade in our ranks. Grant, Hayes, Garfield and Harrison form a great constellation. And now we will add another comrade to the list—that of the statesman and patriot, once a private soldier, William McKinley. It is also a matter of pride to Illinois soldiers to know that every man placed by the republican party in the governor's chair of Illinois since the war (except Senator Cullom, who was the soldier's friend), has been a brother soldier. To the noble list embracing the names of Palmer, Oglesby, Beveridge, Hamilton and Pifer, we are now to add the name of our gallant comrade, tried and true, Private John Riley Turner."

It is the intention to perfect an organization of veterans and sons of veterans in every county in the state, and visitors at the rooms assert the movement is meeting with hearty responses from every section. The "boys in blue" are joined by those who wore the gray in favor of protection and sound money. All of them are gratified over the announcement that distinguished soldiers, both democrats and republicans, are to make a tour of Illinois and deliver addresses calling attention to the danger which threatens the nation in the present crisis. The caravan consists of Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, Gen. Franz Sigel, Gen. J. T. Stewart, Gen. O. O. Howard, Gen. Russell A. Alger, Corporal James Tanner, Capt. John R. Tanner, Hon. Charles P. Hitch, and local speakers to join them at different places.

WILL VOTE FOR M'KINLEY.
Commercial Democratic Club of Chicago.

The following note explains itself: "Chicago, Sept. 23.—Mr. H. O. Hoistand, Canton, O.—My Dear Sir: I have been quite ill ever since my return from Canton, and in consequence have been unable to give attention to a number of attacks on the Commercial Democratic McKinley club.

"I received the Cincinnati Post of the 14th inst. with an article underlined in reference to our trip to Canton; the article in question, signed by John M. Downey, is a most contemptible and lying one, and was written unquestionably to head off the effect which our organization has upon the country at large.

"I have been authorized to state to you by every member of our club, representing all the large houses in Chicago, that they are willing to make affidavit that they have always been democrats, and that they will vote for William McKinley and that their employers have neither advised nor coerced them to either join our club or take the trip to Canton. I would further state that traveling men are not the class of people that can be coerced, as there is no more independent class.

"The article signed by John N. Downey in the Cincinnati Post of the 14th inst. is pronounced by our club as manufactured for the occasion. We left a great many of our badges in Canton as souvenirs, and some may have gotten into the hands of popocrats who have tried to belittle the effects of our organization by concocting supposed interviews with members of our club.

"Their attacks upon us will not make us relinquish for a moment our support of Maj. McKinley and only tend to make us work still harder for the success of the republican nominees and good government. Yours respectfully, (Signed) "GUSTAVE HOFFSTADT." "President Commercial Democratic McKinley club."

School Suits

...FOR THE...

BOYS.

Just Received the Noblest Stock ever exhibited, at SUCH LOW PRICES.

Cheap Charley,
THE RELIABLE CLOTHIER.



Brazilian Balm

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN BALM!
Cures Coughs, Colds, Croup & Erippe LIKE MAGIC.

RADICALLY CURES CATARRH!

It clears the head of foul mucus; heals sore throats and ulcers of the head and throat; sweetens the breath, and perfectly restores the senses of the taste, smell and hearing. Stops headache and dropping into the throat. Also destroys the germ which causes

HAY FEVER, making a perfect cure in a few days. Never fails! No fatal case of LA GRIPPE ever known where Brazilian Balm was faithfully used. It destroys the grippe germ and quickly removes all the after bad effect.

INFALLIBLE IN ASTHMA, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, PLEURISY, PNEUMONIA, DYSPEPSIA, RHEUMATISM, TYPHOID AND SCARLET FEVER, MEASLES, and any disease where there is inflammation, Fever or Coughing. Greatest relief in Consumption after the covered.

Cures a Fresh Cold in one day. Stop BARACH in 2 minutes. Stops ringing in the head and relieves deafness. A most invaluable in female troubles. For outward use heals cuts, sores and burns the magic. PREVENTS LOCK-JAW FROM WOUNDS. QUICK CURE FOR CONSTIPATION AND BILIS.

Its Healing Power is Almost Miraculous. The Best Family Medicine in Existence. 60 Cent Bottle contains 100 Doses, or Two Weeks Treatment for Catarrh.

\$1.00 BOTTLE EQUALS THREE 50C. BOTTLES.

HOME TESTIMONIALS:

"Brazilian Balm cured me of inveterate catarrh which I had for over 20 years. It is the most wonderful triumph of medical science."—Gen. J. Parker Foster. "In croup, cold and the worst form of grippe we have found Brazilian Balm invaluable."—Jno. W. S. Boothe, D. D., Pastor Del. Ave. Bab. Ch. "Mrs. Lore has used the Brazilian Balm and thinks it did her much good."—Hon. Chas. B. Lore, Chief Justice of Del. "One bottle of Brazilian Balm cured a friend of mine of hay fever."—Jas. M. Culbert. "I was very deaf for 10 years from catarrh. Brazilian Balm applied warm in my ears every day soon restored my hearing."—Mrs. John Scudder, Chester, Pa. "It is the best thing for dyspepsia I ever saw tried."—Judge Edward Wooten. "It was worn almost to the grave with a racking cough that all the remedies and the doctors failed to relieve. It was cured with one bottle of Brazilian Balm. It shall be my doctor through life."—Mrs. J. Galloway, Pittsdown, Pa. "I took ten so-called bottles of Brazilian Balm in six months. Am now entirely cured and as nimble as I was at forty."—Anson Burrell, aged 84. A lady in Cincinnati was so afflicted with asthma that during the winter for seventeen years she was unable to sleep lying down, was entirely and permanently cured with Brazilian Balm.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

B. F. JACKSON & CO., Cleveland, O.

For sale by Armstrong Bros., Druggists.



Built For Service... They are built to stand for years. We have a reputation established for many years, hence can not afford to supply anything but the best that money can produce. The Waverley show it. See them at the 11th & 12th St. (2nd and 3rd) grade and 1860. Call and see them.

MADE BY INDIANA BICYCLE CO., INDIANAPOLIS IND.

Are built in the Largest and Best Equipped Factory in the World.

H. Mueller Gun Co., Agts.

BARGAIN COLU

Advertisements of Forty words or less in this column at 10 cents per week, payable in advance.

For Sale. For Rent. Wanted.

WANTED. I am prepared to attend to all orders for Tailor-made suits of all kinds at the lowest prices. All work guaranteed. Address: 100 North Main street, phone No. 386. D. M. SMITH.

HELP WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED—To sell the new Rubber clothing. These goods are made of rubber and are perfect ground to wear. Address: New York.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A first-class house for sale. Call at the 11th & 12th St. (2nd and 3rd) grade and 1860. Call and see them.

FOR SALE OR TRADE. I have a quantity of goods, all of which I will sell at a low price. Address: 100 North Main street.

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